Data Tables

Environment¹

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|---|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Greenhouse Gas Emissions (GHG) (tCO ₂ e) | | | | |
| GHG emissions (Scope 1 and 2) ^{1, 2} | 121,901 | 120,616 | 118,639 | 305-1, 305-2 |
| Managed office | 88,442 | 88,598 | 89,192 | 305-1, 305-2 |
| Multi-residential | 33,459 | 32,018 | 29,447 | 305-1, 305-2 |
| Direct GHG emissions Scope 1 ^{1, 2} | 58,918 | 57,880 | 54,815 | 305-1 |
| Managed office | 30,066 | 30,412 | 29,519 | 305-1 |
| Multi-residential | 28,852 | 27,468 | 25,296 | 305-1 |
| Energy indirect GHG emissions Scope 2 (location-based) ^{1,2} | 62,983 | 62,736 | 63,824 | 305-2 |
| Managed office | 58,376 | 58,186 | 59,673 | 305-2 |
| Multi-residential | 4,607 | 4,550 | 4,151 | 305-2 |
| Energy indirect GHG emissions Scope 2 (market-based) ^{1, 2} | 52,298 | 47,697 | 43,415 | 305-2 |
| Managed office | 48,435 | 43,364 | 39,264 | 305-2 |
| Multi-residential | 3,863 | 4,333 | 4,151 | 305-2 |
| Other indirect GHG emissions Scope 3 ³ | 24,987 | 22,447 | 20,290 | 305-3 |
| Managed office | 8,723 | 6,598 | 6,666 | 305-3 |
| Multi-residential | 16,264 | 15,849 | 13,624 | 305-3 |
| GHG emissions intensity (tCO ₂ e/1,000 sq ft) ⁴ | 4.75 | 4.69 | 4.61 | 305-4, CRE3 |
| Managed office | 4.53 | 4.44 | 4.47 | 305-4, CRE3 |
| Multi-residential | 5.24 | 5.29 | 4.94 | 305-4, CRE3 |
| Net reduction of GHGs through conservation (tCO_2e)^5 $$ | (15,723) | (18,979) | (17,361) | 305-5 |

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|--|----------|----------|----------|---------------|
| Energy Consumption (MWh) | | | | |
| Energy consumed within the organization ⁶ | 712,743 | 712,364 | 696,427 | 302-1 |
| Natural gas (metered) | 318,478 | 312,720 | 296,169 | 302-1 |
| Electricity purchased for consumption | 367,689 | 375,126 | 377,443 | 302-1 |
| Steam purchased for consumption | 26,575 | 24,518 | 22,815 | 302-1 |
| Energy intensity (ekWh/sq ft) ⁷ | 23.03 | 23.35 | 23.09 | 302-3, CRE1 |
| Managed office | 23.80 | 24.24 | 24.17 | 302-3, CRE1 |
| Multi-residential | 21.29 | 21.26 | 20.43 | 302-3, CRE1 |
| Net reduction of energy through conservation $(MWh)^{\rm 8}$ | (65,420) | (60,659) | (40,422) | 302-4 |
| Waste | | | | |
| Waste generated absolute (tonnes) ⁹ | 21,085 | 19,107 | 17,669 | 306-2 |
| Managed office | 11,097 | 9,355 | 9,139 | 306-2 |
| Multi-residential | 9,988 | 9,752 | 8,530 | 306-2 |
| Waste generated intensity (tonnes/1,000 sq ft) | 0.68 | 0.63 | 0.59 | 306-2 |
| Managed office | 0.52 | 0.44 | 0.43 | 306-2 |
| Multi-residential | 1.05 | 1.08 | 0.98 | 306-2 |
| Waste disposal method (tonnes) ¹⁰ | | | | |
| Waste to landfill ¹¹ | 11,735 | 10,350 | 9,883 | 306-2 |
| Recycled ¹² | 7,555 | 6,945 | 5,624 | 306-2 |
| Organics ¹³ | 1,457 | 1,218 | 1,349 | 306-2 |
| Recovery for energy ¹⁴ | 338 | 594 | 813 | 306-2 |
| Waste to landfill diversion rate (%) ¹⁵ | 43% | 43% | 39% | 306-2 |

Environment¹ (continued)

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Water ¹⁶ | | | | |
| Water withdrawn (m³) | 2,345,575 | 2,358,805 | 2,312,372 | 303-1 |
| Managed office | 1,197,917 | 1,272,793 | 1,238,750 | 303-1 |
| Multi-residential | 1,147,658 | 1,086,012 | 1,073,622 | 303-1 |
| Water consumption intensity (L/sq ft) ¹⁷ | 75.79 | 77.33 | 76.66 | CRE2 |
| Managed office | 55.84 | 59.33 | 57.74 | CRE2 |
| Multi-residential | 120.87 | 120.01 | 123.24 | CRE2 |
| Green Building Certifications, Labelling or Rating | | | | |
| Overall % of assets | | | | |
| % of buildings that received a green building certification ¹⁸ | 87.2% | 88.5% | 88.1% | CRE8 |
| Number of buildings by asset class ¹⁹ | | | | |
| Total number of certified buildings | 360 | 353 | 348 | CRE8 |
| Office | 64 | 64 | 61 | CRE8 |
| Multi-residential | 36 | 36 | 35 | CRE8 |
| Open-air retail | 97 | 90 | 91 | CRE8 |
| Light industrial | 163 | 163 | 161 | CRE8 |
| Number of buildings by type of certification ²⁰ | | | | |
| LEED (CaGBC) | 17 | 17 | 18 | CRE8 |
| BOMA BEST (BOMA Canada) | 368 | 346 | 335 | CRE8 |
| Built Green (NRCan) | 1 | 1 | 1 | CRE8 |
| FitWel (Center for Active Design) | 3 | - | - | CRE8 |

^{1.} All environment data (i.e., emissions, energy, water, and waste) relates to GWLRA's managed office and multi-residential portfolios, is consolidated based on an operational control approach, and is externally assured by an independent third party under ISAE 3410: Assurance Engagements on Greenhouse Gas Statements. Industrial and retail data is excluded as data is only available for common areas and is under the de minimis threshhold for reporting (<0.5% of overall emissions) as stated by the GHG Protocol. GHG emissions totals are calculated using Scope 2 location-based emissions totals.

² Our Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions relate to assets under management where we have operational control. Our base year of reporting is 2013. We use the WBCSD GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard to guide our methodology for calculating GHG emissions. The gases included in the calculation cover carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide. The emission factors and global warming potentials are based on the most recently available Environment Canada National Inventory Report, the International Panel on Climate Change factors, and utility providers. Scope 1 emissions relate to natural gas consumption, excluding emissions associated with backup generator fuel use and refrigerant top-ups. Scope 2 emissions relate to purchased electricity and steam. Scope 2 market-based emissions include the purchase of renewable energy credits.

- ³ Our Scope 3 GHG emissions include emissions from waste sent to landfill and energy recovery, and water distribution for assets under management where we have operational control. We use the WBCSD GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard to guide our methodology for calculating GHG emissions. The gases included in the calculation cover carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide. The emission factors and global warming potentials are based on the Environment Canada National Inventory Report (NIR) and the International Panel on Climate Change factors.
- Our GHG emissions intensities relate to Scope 1, 2 and 3 for office and multi-residential properties only (as reported in this appendix). The total square footage used to calculate the emissions intensities is based on gross floor area.
- ^{5.} Estimated reduction of Scope 1, 2 and 3 GHG emissions as a result of conservation initiatives at office and multi-residential properties, relative to the 2013 base year emissions of 174,772 tonnes CO₂e. The gases included in the calculation cover carbon dioxide, methane and nitrous oxide. The estimation accounts for new developments, and factors outside of management control that influence emissions, such as changes in emission factors, occupancy and weather. External factors are accounted for using industry-accepted best practices, such as regression analysis."
- Energy consumed within the organization relates to our managed office and multi-residential portfolio of assets under management that fall within our operational control boundary as defined in the WBCSD GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard. Where properties are outside of our operational control (e.g., single-tenant buildings paying all utilities), we do not report energy information. The energy consumption disclosure includes energy consumption from nonrenewable fuel sources (i.e., natural gas) and purchased energy (i.e., electricity and steam). No fuel oil or chilled water was consumed during this period (2017-2019).
- ⁷ Our energy intensity covers the energy consumed within the managed office and multi-residential portfolio, covering natural gas, and purchased electricity and steam consumption. We report energy intensity based on ekWh per square foot of gross floor area.
- ⁸ Estimated reduction of energy consumption as a result of conservation initiatives at our office and multi-residential properties, relative to the 2013 base year energy consumption of 753,633 MWh. The energy sources included in the calculation cover natural gas, fuel oil, electricity, and steam. The estimation accounts for new developments, and factors outside management control that influence energy use, such as occupancy and weather. External factors are accounted for using industry-accepted best practices, such as regression analysis.
- All waste data relates to the non-hazardous waste produced at our managed office and multi-residential portfolio of assets under management, which is sent to landfill or recovery for energy.
- ^{10.} Waste disposal methods have been determined by the information provided to us by our waste disposal managers/contractors.
- ^{11.} Landfill waste includes non-hazardous waste at our managed office and multi-residential portfolio of assets under management
- 12. Recycled waste includes various recycling streams (e.g., paper, cardboard, plastics) at our managed office and multi-residential portfolio of assets under management.
- ^{13.} Organic waste includes all indoor and outdoor waste collected for composting or organics pick-up.
- ^{14.} Amount of waste sent to recovery for energy (i.e., waste-to-energy plants) is provided by our waste disposal contractors.
- ^{15.} Only recycled and organic waste is counted as diverted. The average office diversion rate in 2019 was 61%, while the average diversion rate for multi-residential properties was 23%.
- ^{16.} All water consumption and intensity data relates to the water withdrawn from municipal water supplies at our managed office and multi-residential portfolio of assets under management. We calculate the water withdrawn from the information provided by our utility providers.
- ^{17.} We report water intensity based on litres per square foot of gross floor area.
- 18. The percentage is based on eligible, individually certified buildings. By floor area, 92% of eligible buildings maintained a green certification in 2019.
- ^{19.} Totals are by individual buildings. Several individually certified buildings may encompass a single asset, as reported in the main body of this report.

305-5 CRE8

^{20.} Some buildings maintain more than one type of certification, therefore total certifications may exceed the total number of certified properties.

Safety

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|--|------|------|------|---------------|
| Joint Management-Worker Health and Safety (H&S) Committees | | | | |
| % workforce in joint management-worker H&S committees ²¹ | 20% | 25% | 30% | 403-1 |
| OHSAS 18001 Management System | | | | |
| % of organization operating under a safety management system aligned with OHSAS 18001 | 100% | 100% | 100% | CRE6 |
| Health and Safety Training ²² | | | | |
| Number of employees receiving health and safety training | 840 | 522 | 640 | 404-1 |
| Number of hours of safety training received per employee | 5.0 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 404-1 |
| Occupational Health and Safety Performance ²³ | | | | |
| Injury rate (recordable incident rate) ²⁴ | 0.88 | 0.65 | 1.71 | 403-2 |
| Severity rate ²⁵ | 0.62 | 0 | 0.46 | 403-2 |
| Lost day rate ²⁶ | 0.22 | 0 | 0.63 | 403-2 |
| Occupational diseases | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403-2 |
| Total number of dangerous occurrences (near miss incidents) | 11 | 8 | 10 | 403-2 |
| Fatalities ²⁷ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 403-2 |

^{21.} The joint management-worker H&S committees have been established in all regions nationally and consist of supervisors and workers. Workers represent no less than 50% of those members on the Joint Health and Safety Committees and have an elected Co-Chair to preside with an appointed employer Co-Chair. A decline since 2017 is attributed to the establishment of QuadReal Property Group, a property/investment management firm, by one of GWLRA's long-standing clients, which began to manage its own assets starting in 2017.

- ^{22.} The increase in number of employees trained in 2019 is due to staff from GWLRA Residential's multi-residential portfolio being included in reporting for the first time.
- ^{23.} Staff from GWLRA Residential's multi-residential portfolio is included for the first time starting in 2019.
- ^{24.} The injury rate is the number of recordable incident cases per 200,000 employee hours worked (Number of recordable cases X 200,000/Number of employee hours worked). The injury rate does not include minor (first-aid level) injuries. All incidents requiring immediate medical attention of a doctor, hospital or dentist are reported.
- ^{25.} The severity rate is the number of lost workdays divided by the total number of recordable incidents.
- ^{26.} Lost day rate is Number of lost time cases X 200,000/Number of employee hours worked.
- ^{27.} Fatalities relate to our employees.
- ^{28.} Our full-time employees represent GWL Realty Advisors and our wholly owned subsidiary GWLRA Residential. It includes permanent, part-time and contract employees. We do not have unionized employees.
- ^{29.} Employees by region and gender include permanent, part-time and contract employees. Full-time and part-time employees are differentiated based on customary number of hours worked per week, while temporary and casual workers are defined on the basis of short-term work contracts (e.g., co-op terms). Employee data is managed and extracted through GWLRA's payroll system and internal databases.
- $^{\scriptscriptstyle 30.}$ Our new employee hire numbers represent employees hired during the reporting year.

Employer of Choice

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Total Employees ²⁸ | | | | |
| Total number of employees | 784 | 752 | 783 | 102-7 |
| Employees by Gender ²⁹ | | | | |
| Number of employees (female) | 368 (47%) | 356 (47%) | 368 (47%) | 102-8 |
| Number of employees (male) | 416 (53%) | 396 (53%) | 415 (53%) | 102-8 |
| Employees by Age ²⁹ | | | | |
| Employees below 30 years old | 103 (13%) | 77 (10%) | - | 102-8 |
| Employees 30–50 years old | 387 (49%) | 402 (53%) | - | 102-8 |
| Employees over 50 years old | 294 (38%) | 273 (36%) | - | 102-8 |
| Employees by Contract ²⁹ | | | | |
| Number of employees (permanent) | 742 | 711 | 745 | 102-8 |
| Number of employees (part-time) | 11 | 11 | 12 | 102-8 |
| Number of employees (temporary or contractors) | 31 | 30 | 26 | 102-8 |
| Employees by Region ²⁹ | | | | |
| Alberta | 150 (19%) | 146 (19%) | 160 (20%) | 102-8 |
| Atlantic Canada | 17 (2%) | 18 (2%) | 27 (3%) | 102-8 |
| British Columbia | 76 (10%) | 71 (9%) | 75 (10%) | 102-8 |
| Manitoba/Saskatchewan | 90 (11%) | 84 (11%) | 90 (11%) | 102-8 |
| Ontario | 411 (52%) | 387 (51%) | 390 (50%) | 102-8 |
| Quebec | 40 (5%) | 46 (6%) | 41 (5%) | 102-8 |
| New Employee Hires ³⁰ | | | | |
| Total number of new employee hires | 157 (20%) | 145 (19%) | 129 (16%) | 401-1 |
| Age group | | | | |
| New employee hires below 30 years old | 49 (31%) | 43 (29%) | 31 (24%) | 401-1 |
| New employee hires 30–50 years old | 71 (45%) | 85 (59%) | 72 (56%) | 401-1 |
| | 37 (24%) | 17 (12%) | 26 (20%) | 401-1 |
| New employee hires above 50 years old | | | | |
| New employee hires above 50 years old Gender | | | | |
| | 79 (50%) | 66 (46%) | 59 (46%) | 401-1 |

| GRI: | 102-7 | 102-8 | 102-10 | 102-48 | 102-49 | 201-1 | 203-1 |
|------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|
| | 302-1 | 401-1 | 403-1 | 403-2 | 404-1 | 405-1 | 416-1 |

Employer of Choice (continued)

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Employee Turnover ³¹ | | | | |
| Employee turnover number | 162 (21%) | 178 (24%) | 297 (38%) | 401-1 |
| Age group | | | | |
| Employee turnover below 30 years old | 31 (24%) | 31 (18%) | 45 (15%) | 401-1 |
| Employee turnover 30–50 years old | 71 (44%) | 79 (44%) | 148 (50%) | 401-1 |
| Employee turnover above 50 years old | 52 (32%) | 68 (38%) | 104 (35%) | 401-1 |
| Gender | | | | |
| Employee turnover for women | 82 (50%) | 78 (44%) | 135 (45%) | 401-1 |
| Employee turnover for men | 82 (50%) | 100 (56%) | 162 (55%) | 401-1 |
| Employee Training | | | | |
| Training and education: internal, online $courses^{\mbox{\tiny 32}}$ | | | | |
| Total compliance training (hrs) ³³ | 2,067 | 2,169 | 1,136 | 404-1 |
| Total independent online training (hrs) ³⁴ | 600 | 1,486 | 584 | 404-1 |
| Internal training hours per employee (hrs/employee/yr) | 3.40 | 4.90 | 2.20 | 404-1 |
| Training and education: external courses ³⁵ | | | | |
| Number of employees who applied for funding | 311 (40%) | 302 (40%) | 391 (50%) | 404-1, 404-2 |
| Training funding (\$) | \$233,905 | \$220,198 | \$282,195 | 404-1, 404-2 |

^{31.} Employee turnover includes all departures from the company, both voluntary and involuntary, including resignations, dispositions, terminations and retirements. The relatively high turnover rate (%) in 2017/2018 is primarily due to the establishment of a new property/investment management firm (QuadReal Property Group), by one of GWLRA's long-standing clients, which began to manage its own assets during this period. The majority of the departures from GWLRA were transitioned to the newly established company and were not the result of layoffs. These turnover rates also account for employees who chose to participate in the Great-West Life Assurance Company's Voluntary Retirement Program (VRP), initiated in 2017.

- ^{32.} Internal, online training covers courses offered through Canada Life's eLearning platform.
- ^{33.} Compliance training refers to company codes, policies and mandatory courses (e.g., anti-money laundering, Code of Conduct, accessibility, privacy). The increase in total training hours in 2018 is related to the launch of new, mandatory compliance courses, including cyber security and anti-fraud training.
- ³⁴ Independent online training refers to voluntary skills development (e.g., computer skills, leadership capabilities). The relatively high total training hours in 2018 is primarily related to three initiatives: GWLRA's parent company, Canada Life, launched a new learning and development platform, which included several new one-off courses that staff participated in; GWLRA launched a new compensation and career level framework and year-end process that had associated webinars and training for employees; and GWLRA began upgrading its standard software package for employees, and concurrently deployed associated training on the new software.
- ^{35.} External training is supported by Canada Life's Talent Development Policy, which offers \$2,000/FTE/yr for external professional development courses, and supports employee development in job-related skills and competencies. Participation in the program is voluntary. Numbers do not include additional training funded through business units' discretionary budgets.

Community Investments

| Quantitative Data | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | GRI Indicator |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|
| Cash contribution ³⁶ | \$226,675 | \$215,150 | \$219,641 | 201-1 |
| In-kind giving, product or service donations (hrs) ³⁷ | 1,083 | 1,000 | 1,046 | 201-1 |

³⁶ Total of charitable contributions made by GWLRA/GWLRA Residential employees, or by Canada Life on GWLRA's behalf, to various charitable organizations. In 2018, a portion of the total charitable contributions was estimated due to data availability.

^{37.} GWLRA employee hours contributed for Habitat for Humanity build days across Canada.